

DAIRY INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT ACT

- Administration: This Act is administered by the Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Act Board. The Department of Agriculture is involved with some of these sections.
- Adoption: This act was last revised during the 2013 session of the Nebraska Legislature.
- Rules: The Nebraska Department of Agriculture has no authority to promulgate regulations under this Act. The Dairy Industry Development Board, however; has promulgated a regulation under this Act, known as Title 484, Chapter 1 – Dairy Industry Development Board Regulations.

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2-3948. Act, how cited.

Sections 2-3948 to 2-3963 shall be known and may be cited as the Dairy Industry Development Act.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 1; Laws 2001, LB 194, § 1; Laws 2004, LB 836, § 1.

2-3949. Terms, defined.

For purposes of the Dairy Industry Development Act:

- (1) Board shall mean the Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Board;
- (2) Commercial use shall mean sale for retail consumption or sale for resale, for manufacture for resale, or for processing for resale;
- (3) First purchaser of milk shall mean a person who buys milk from a producer and resells to another person the milk or products manufactured or processed from the milk;
- (4) Milk shall mean any class of cow's milk produced in the State of Nebraska;
- (5) Milk production unit shall mean any producer licensed by the Department of Agriculture;
- (6) Producer shall mean any person engaged in the production of milk for commercial use;
- (7) Producer-processor shall mean a producer who processes and markets the producer's own milk; and
- (8) Qualified program shall mean any state or regional dairy product promotion, research, or nutrition education program which is certified pursuant to 7 C.F.R. 1150.153, as amended. Such program shall: (a) Conduct activities as defined in 7 C.F.R. 1150.114, 1150.115, and 1150.116 intended to increase consumption of milk and dairy products generally; (b) except for programs operated under the laws of the United States or any state, have been active and ongoing before November 29, 1983; (c) be financed primarily by producers, either individually or through cooperative associations; (d) not use any private brand or trade name in advertising and promotion of dairy products unless the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board established pursuant to 7 C.F.R. 1150.131 and the United States Secretary of Agriculture concur that such requirement should not apply; (e) certify to the United States Secretary of Agriculture that any request from a producer for a refund under the program will be honored by forwarding that portion of such refund equal to the amount of credit that otherwise would be applicable to the program pursuant to 7 C.F.R. 1150.152(c) to either the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board or a qualified program designated by the producer; and (f) not use program funds for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or action.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 2.

2-3950. Legislative findings.

The Legislature declares it to be in the public interest that producers in Nebraska be permitted and encouraged to maintain and expand domestic sales of milk and dairy products, develop new products and new markets, improve methods and practices relating to marketing or processing of milk and dairy products, and inform and educate consumers of sound nutritional principles including the role of milk in a balanced diet. It is the purpose of the Dairy Industry Development Act to provide the authorization and to prescribe the necessary procedures by which the dairy industry in Nebraska may finance programs to achieve the purposes expressed in this section. The Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Board shall be the agency of the State of Nebraska for such purpose.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 3.

2-3951. Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Board; created; members; qualifications.

The Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Board is hereby created. Members of the board shall (1) be residents of Nebraska, (2) be at least twenty-one years of age, (3) have been actually engaged in the production of milk in this state for at least five years, and (4) derive a substantial portion of their income from the production of milk in Nebraska. Board members shall be nominated and appointed as provided in sections 2-3951.01 to 2-3951.04.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 4; Laws 2004, LB 836, § 2; Laws 2013, LB70, § 1.

2-3951.01. Board members; appointment; terms; officers; expenses.

(1) Members of the board shall, as nearly as possible, be representative of all first purchasers of milk and individual producer-processors in the state and, to the extent practicable, result in equitable representation of the various interests of milk producers both in terms of the manner in which milk is marketed and geographic distribution of milk production units in the state.

(2) The terms of the members of the board shall be three years, except that the first term of the initial and additional members of the board shall be staggered so that one-third of the members are appointed each year. The number of years for the first term of new and additional members shall be determined by the Governor. Once duly appointed and qualified, no member's term shall be shortened or terminated by any subsequent certification by the Department of Agriculture of milk production units from which a first purchaser of milk purchases milk.

(3) The Director of Agriculture or his or her designee shall be an ex officio member of the board but shall have no vote in board matters.

(4) Members of the board shall elect from among the members a chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and such other officers as they deem necessary and appropriate.

(5) Members of the board shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses as provided in sections 81-1174 to 81-1177.

Source: Laws 2004, LB 836, § 3; Laws 2013, LB70, § 2.

2-3951.02. Board members; nomination and appointment.

(1) Members of the board shall be nominated and appointed as follows:

(a) Each first purchaser of milk which purchases milk from at least twenty-one milk producers may submit to the Governor the names of up to two nominees for each forty milk production units, or major portion thereof, from which the first purchaser purchases milk. The Governor shall appoint one member for each forty production units, or major portion thereof, from nominees submitted pursuant to this subdivision, except that if milk production units certified by the Department of Agriculture have decreased so that each board member appointed pursuant to this subdivision represents less than a major portion of forty production units, the Governor shall maintain representation of one member for each forty production units, or major portion thereof, by not filling a vacancy caused by a member's term expiring; and

(b) All other first purchasers of milk and individual producer-processors who are not included among milk production units claimed by a first purchaser of milk entitled to submit nominees under subdivision (1)(a) of this section shall be combined as a group for the purpose of submitting nominees, and each first purchaser and individual producer-processor of the group may nominate up to two nominees. The Governor shall appoint two members from nominees submitted pursuant to this subdivision.

(2) Whenever the number of members of the board as determined by subsection (1) of this section results in less than seven members, the Governor shall appoint a member or members from the state at large to maintain membership of the board at seven members. Whenever such appointment is required, the board shall call for and submit a list of two or more nominees for each additional member needed to the Governor, and the Governor shall appoint a member or members from the nominees submitted pursuant to this subsection.

(3) Nominations in the case of term expiration or new or at-large membership and for all other vacancies shall be provided according to the process prescribed in section 2-3951.04. The Governor may choose the members of the board from the nominees submitted or may reject all nominees. If the Governor rejects all nominees, names of nominees shall again be provided to the Governor until the appointment is filled.

Source: Laws 2004, LB 836, § 4; Laws 2013, LB70, § 3.

2-3951.03. Board members; vacancies.

(1) A vacancy on the board exists in the event of the death, incapacity, removal, or resignation of any member; when a member ceases to be a resident of Nebraska; when a member ceases to be a producer in Nebraska; or when the member's term expires. Members whose terms have expired shall continue to serve until their successors are appointed and qualified, except that if such a vacancy will not be filled, as determined by the Governor under section 2-3951.02, the member shall not serve after the expiration of his or her term.

(2) For purposes of filling vacancies on the board, the Governor shall appoint one member from up to two nominees submitted by the vacating member's nominator under section 2-3951.02. In the event of a vacancy, the board shall certify to the vacating member's nominator that such a vacancy exists and shall request nominations to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term or for a new term, as the case may be.

Source: Laws 2004, LB 836, § 5; Laws 2013, LB70, § 4.

2-3951.04. Board members; nominations; notification; procedure.

(1) When nominations for board members are required, written notification shall be given to each producer represented or to be represented by such member, including an at-large member. The first purchaser or purchasers of milk shall notify each producer from whom the first purchaser buys milk that each producer may submit written nominations. If the group represented is a combination of first purchasers of milk and individual producer-processors or if the member is an at-large member, the individual producer-processors shall receive notification from the Department of Agriculture.

(2) Nominations shall be in writing and shall contain an acknowledgment and consent by the producer being nominated. The nomination shall be returned by the producer to the first purchaser of milk or to the department from whom the producer received notification within fifteen days after the receipt of the notification. For nominations to replace a member whose term is to expire or for a new member, the producers shall receive notification between August 1 and August 15 preceding the expiration of the term of the member or the beginning of the term of a new member. For all other vacancies, the producers shall receive notification within thirty days after the member vacates his or her position on the board or within thirty days after the board calls for an at-large member or members as provided in section 2-3951.02.

(3) The first purchasers of milk, the department, or the board shall submit nominations to the Governor by September 30, in the case of term expiration or new or at-large member, or forty-five days after the member vacates his or her position for all other vacancies. The Governor shall make the appointments within thirty days after receipt of the nominations.

(4) All nominees shall meet the qualifications provided in section 2-3951.

Source: Laws 2004, LB 836, § 6; Laws 2013, LB70, § 5.

2-3952. Repealed. Laws 2004, LB 836, § 8.

2-3952.01. Repealed. Laws 2004, LB 836, § 8.

2-3953. Repealed. Laws 2004, LB 836, § 8.

2-3954. Repealed. Laws 2004, LB 836, § 8.

2-3955. Board; meetings; minutes.

(1) The board shall meet at least once every six months at a time and place fixed by the board. Special meetings may be called by the chairperson and shall be called by the chairperson upon request of at least twenty-five percent of the members of the board. Written notice of the time and place of all meetings shall be mailed in advance to each member of the board. A majority of members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the board shall be necessary for the adoption of rules and regulations.

(2) The board shall at each regular meeting review all expenditures made since its last regular meeting.

(3) The board shall keep minutes of its meetings and other books and records which shall clearly reflect all of the acts and transactions of the board. Such records shall be open to examination during normal business hours.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 8.

2-3956. Board; administration; limitation on expenses.

The board may contract for the necessary office space, furniture, stationery, printing, and personnel services useful or necessary for the administration of the Dairy Industry Development Act. The total administrative costs and expenses of the board shall not exceed five percent of the annual assessments collected in accordance with section 2-3958.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 9.

2-3957. Board; powers and duties.

The board shall:

(1) Arrange or contract for administrative and audit services which are necessary for the proper operation of the Dairy Industry Development Act;

(2) Procure and evaluate data and information necessary for the appropriate distribution of funds collected;

- (3) Direct the distribution of funds collected;
- (4) Prepare and approve a yearly budget;
- (5) Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the act;
- (6) Establish a means by which all producers are informed annually on board members, policy, expenditures, and programs for the preceding year;
- (7) Authorize the expenditure of funds to conduct activities provided for by the act;
- (8) Bond such persons as necessary to ensure adequate protection of funds;
- (9) Make refunds to other qualified programs in other states and disburse as directed by producers pursuant to subdivision (8)(e) of section 2-3949;
- (10) Require that all books and records which clearly reflect all the transactions of its funded qualified programs be made available for audit by the board;
- (11) Initiate appropriate enforcement of the act and the rules, regulations, and orders promulgated under the act;
- (12) Accept remittances or credits and apply for and accept advances, grants, contributions, and any other forms of assistance from the federal government, the state, or any public or private source for administering the act and execute contracts or agreements in connection therewith;
- (13) When necessary, appoint committees and advisory committees, the membership of which reflects the different funding regions of the United States and of the State of Nebraska in which milk is produced and delegate to such committees the authority reasonably necessary to administer the act under the direction of the board and within the policies determined by the board; and
- (14) Exercise all incidental powers useful or necessary to carry out the act.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 10.

2-3958. Mandatory assessment; board; duties.

- (1) There shall be paid to the board a mandatory assessment of ten cents per hundredweight on all milk produced in the State of Nebraska for commercial use.
- (2) The board may audit financial and other records of first purchasers of milk, producers, and their agents pertaining to the assessment provided for in this section and otherwise ensure compliance with the Dairy Industry Development Act.

(3) For purposes of the act, when milk is sold to an out-of-state purchaser, the sale shall be deemed to have occurred in Nebraska if the milk was otherwise produced within Nebraska immediately prior to such sale and such sale is the first purchase of the milk for commercial use.

(4) For purposes of the act, when milk is produced out-of-state but sold to a first purchaser of milk in Nebraska, the assessment provided for in this section may be assessed and retained in Nebraska only if the producer consents.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 11.

2-3959. Assessment; payment; procedures.

The assessment prescribed in section 2-3958 shall be paid by producers at the time of first sale or delivery of milk for commercial use and shall be collected by the first purchaser of milk except as provided in this section. The first purchaser of milk shall remit the assessment to the board when the first purchaser of milk issues the milk payroll to producers. When milk is sold by producers to nonresident first purchasers of milk, the nonresident first purchaser of milk shall remit the assessments to the board. Producer-processors shall remit the assessments to the board. All assessments shall be remitted to the board not later than the last day of the month following the month in which the milk was commercially used, and a report shall be filed by the person responsible for remitting the assessment at the time that the assessment is remitted. The board shall make proper refunds to producers pursuant to subdivision (8)(e) of section 2-3949 at least quarterly. The board shall promulgate rules and regulations concerning the payment, remittance, refunding, and reporting of assessments. All money collected by the board shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Fund.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 12.

2-3960. Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Fund; created; use; investment.

The Nebraska Dairy Industry Development Fund is hereby created. Money in the fund shall be used for the administration of the Dairy Industry Development Act, including advertising and promotion, market research, nutrition and product research and development, and nutrition and educational programs. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 13; Laws 1994, LB 1066, § 7.

Cross References

- **Nebraska Capital Expansion Act**, see section 72-1269.
- **Nebraska State Funds Investment Act**, see section 72-1260.

2-3961. Use of funds; limitations.

The board shall not set up programs or agencies of its own but shall fund active, ongoing, qualified programs as stated in section 114 of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983, Public Law 98-180, as amended, and the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. Funds may be used by qualified programs to jointly sponsor projects with any private or public organization to meet the objectives of the Dairy Industry Development Act.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 14.

2-3962. Board; report; contents.

The board shall prepare a report on or before October 1 of each year setting forth the income received from the assessments collected in accordance with section 2-3958 for the preceding fiscal year, and the report shall include:

(1) The expenditure of funds by the board during the year for the administration of the Dairy Industry Development Act;

(2) A brief description of all contracts requiring the expenditure of funds by the board;

(3) The action taken by the board on all such contracts;

(4) An explanation of all programs relating to the discovery, promotion, and development of markets and industries for the utilization of dairy products and the direct expense associated with each program;

(5) The name and address of each member of the board; and

(6) A brief description of the rules, regulations, and orders adopted and promulgated by the board.

The board shall submit the report electronically to the Clerk of the Legislature and shall make the report available to the public upon request.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 15; Laws 2013, LB222, § 1.

2-3963. Violations; penalties; unpaid assessment; late payment fee.

(1) Any person violating any of the provisions of the Dairy Industry Development Act shall be guilty of a Class III misdemeanor.

(2) Any unpaid assessment shall be increased one and one-half percent each month beginning with the day following the date such assessment was due. Any remaining amount due, including any unpaid charges previously made pursuant to this section, shall be increased at the same rate on the corresponding day of each succeeding month until paid.

(3) For purposes of this section, any assessment that was determined at a date later than prescribed by section 2-3959 because of the failure to submit a report to the board when due shall be considered to have been payable on the date it would have been due if the report had been timely filed. The timeliness of a payment to the board shall be based on the applicable postmarked date or the date actually received by the board, whichever is earlier. Any assessments and late payment fees may be recovered by action commenced by the board.

(4) The remedies provided in this section shall be in addition to and not exclusive of other remedies that may be available by law or in equity.

Source: Laws 1992, LB 275, § 16.