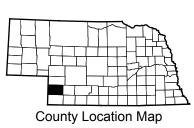




Resources

Soil Survey of Chase County, Nebraska, 1982. USDA NRCS and Conservation and Survey Division, UNL.

Configuration of the water table, Spring 1979, McCook Quadrangle, Nebraska. Conservation and Survey Division, UNL. GM-54.



Pesticides and Groundwater An Applicator's Map and Guide to Prevent Groundwater Contamination

surface.

These areas have a moderate vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Even though the soils restrict the downward movement of pesticides, the water table is less than 30 feet below the surface and caution should be used.

below the surface.

the surface.

Much of this area has a slight vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Some parts have sand, loamy sand or sandy loam soils with little organic matter and moderate vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Caution should be used in sandy areas

pesticide use.

The vulnerability of groundwater contamination was determined using soil properties and depth to groundwater as indicated in general on pesticide labels. Areas on this map may have dissimilar soil and groundwater characteristics from those generally identified for that area. More detailed information can be obtained from:

Conservation and Survey Division 113 Nebraska Hall Lincoln, NE 68588-0517 (402) 472-7537 (soil and groundwater data)

Chase County

Sand, loamy sand and sandy loam soils with little organic matter and a water table greater than 30 feet below the surface.

These areas have a moderate vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Even though the water table is greater than 30 feet below the surface, the soils are porous and caution should be used.

Silty and loamy soils with a water table less than 30 feet below the

Generally silty and loamy soils with a water table less than 30 feet

Much of this area has a moderate vulnerability to groundwater contamination because the water table is less than 30 feet below the surface. Some parts have sand, loamy sand or sandy loam soils with little organic matter and high vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Extreme caution should be used in sandy areas. Caution should be used throughout the entire area.

Silty and loamy soils with a water table greater than 30 feet below

These areas have a slight vulnerability to groundwater contamination.

Generally silty and loamy soils with a water table greater than 30 feet below the surface.

Refer to the accompanying discussion and index of pesticides for guidance on

Chase County Extension Office P. O. Box 640 Imperial, NE 69033 (308) 882-4731 (proper pesticide use)

Nebraska Department of Agriculture **Bureau of Plant Industry - Pesticide Program** Box 94756 Lincoln, NE 68509-4756 (402) 471-2394 (pesticide labels and regulations)